

**PROGRAM STUDI S1 KEPERAWATAN  
FAKULTAS ILMU KEPERAWATAN  
UNIVERSITAS ISLAM SULTAN AGUNG SEMARANG  
Skripsi, Juni 2012**

**ABSTRAK**

Jaja Jalali

**HUBUNGAN PENGETAHUAN IBU TENTANG SANITASI RUMAH  
DENGAN KONDISI RUMAH DI KELURAHAN KEMIJEN KECAMATAN  
SEMARANG TIMUR**

58 hal + 3 tabel + xiv

**Latar Belakang:** Kondisi lingkungan dapat berpengaruh positif terhadap status kesehatan yang optimal. Data dari Dinkes Jawa Tengah (2009) menyebutkan bahwa sebanyak 3.314.318 rumah telah diperiksa kondisi kesehatan lingkungannya secara sampling dan yang memenuhi syarat rumah sehat sebesar 65.12% masih dibawah target MDG's 2015 sebesar 80%. Pengetahuan tentang sanitasi rumah adalah salah satu faktor yang mempengaruhi ibu rumah tangga dalam merawat rumah. Tujuan penelitian untuk mengidentifikasi hubungan pengetahuan ibu tentang sanitasi rumah dengan kondisi rumah.

**Metode:** Penelitian ini merupakan jenis penelitian analitik observasional dengan menggunakan metode *cross sectional*. Pengumpulan data menggunakan kuesioner. Jumlah sampel sebanyak 45 responden dengan teknik *cluster random sampling* dan *simple random sampling*. Teknik analisa dengan menggunakan uji *chi square* dan uji keeratan hubungan dengan *gamma*.

**Hasil:** Berdasarkan hasil analisa diperoleh, karakteristik responden menurut umur 40,0% berusia 41-50 tahun, karakteristik menurut pendidikan terakhir 66,7% adalah lulus SD, karakteristik menurut pekerjaan sebanyak 24,4% sebagai buruh, karakteristik lama tinggal 44,4% antara 1-10 tahun. Karakteristik menurut penghasilan 55,6% berpenghasilan antara 600.000-1.000.000. Hasil penelitian menunjukkan 48,9% berpengetahuan tinggi, dan 55,6% memiliki rumah tidak sehat. Sebanyak 95,8% anggota keluarga mendukung dan lansia mandiri. Hasil uji *chi square* diperoleh nilai *p value* 0,002 ( $<0,05$ ). Uji korelasi *gamma* diperoleh nilai 0,770.

**Simpulan:** Ada hubungan pengetahuan ibu tentang sanitasi rumah dengan kondisi rumah, dengan keeratan hubungan kuat.

**Kata kunci:** pengetahuan, sanitasi rumah, kondisi rumah.

**Daftar Pustaka:** 20 (2001-2011)

**UNDERGRADUATE NURSING STUDY PROGRAM**  
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**ABSTRACT**

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**THE RELATIONSHIP HOUSE WIFE KNOWLEDGE ABOUT HOUSE  
SANITATION WITH HOUSE CONDITION AT KELURAHAN KEMIJEN  
KECAMATAN SEMARANG TIMUR**

58 pages + 3 tables + xiv

**Background:** Environment have effect to make optimum health. Data from Dinkes Jawa Tengah (2009) shows 3.314.318 house has inspection condition of environment health according sampling and the result was a health house condition approximately 65.12% still how from targets MDG's 2015 is 80%. Knowledge about house sanitation is the one factor that have effect for house wife to take care of house. The purpose of this research to identify the relationship house wife knpwldege about house sanitation with the house condition.

**Method:** This study is observational analytic study using cross-sectional method. Collecting data using questionnaire. The number of respondents was 45 people obtained by cluster random sampling and simple random sampling technique. Analysis techniques used chi square test with alternative fisher's exact test and the strength of relationship used gamma test.

**Result:** Based on the analysis results that obtained, the characteristics of respondents by age mostly between the ages of 41-50 years as many as 40,0%, according to the education school much as elementary school is 66,7%, according to the work, mostly as the labourer is 24,4%, according to the long live, has live between 1-10 years is 44,4%, and characteristics according to the income of family are between 600.000-1.000.000 is 55,6%. The results showed that 48.9% of the house wife have high knowledge, and 55.6% of condition is unhealth house. The result obtained by the chi square *p* value 0.002 (<0.05). The result obtained by Gamma test value 0,770

**Conclusion:** There is a relationship house wife knowledge about house sanitation with house condition which the correlation is strong.

**Key words:** knowledge, house sanitation, house condition.

**Bibliographies:** 20 (2001-2011)