

**PROGRAM STUDI ILMU KEPERAWATAN**  
**FAKULTAS ILMU KEPERAWATAN**  
**UNIVERSITAS ISLAM SULTAN AGUNG SEMARANG**  
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**ABSTRAK**

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**HUBUNGAN ANTARA RIWAYAT BERAT BADAN LAHIR RENDAH (BBLR) DENGAN PERKEMBANGAN ANAK USIA PRASEKOLAH (USIA 3-5 TAHUN) DI KELURAHAN REJOSARI**

60 halaman + 7 tabel + 2 gambar + 14 lampiran + xv

**Latar belakang:** Perkembangan seorang anak meliputi perkembangan motorik, kognitif, maupun verbal saja, tetapi ada juga perkembangan emosi dan perilaku ikut berperan penting. Gangguan perkembangan pada anak dapat dipengaruhi oleh beberapa faktor yaitu faktor genetik, kromosom, ras dan bangsa, keturunan, proses persalinan, dan riwayat BBLR . salah satu faktor penyebab gangguan perkembangan yaitu BBLR. Tujuan penelitian ini adalah untuk mengetahui hubungan antara riwayat BBLR dengan perkembangan anak usia prasekolah (usia 3-5 tahun).

**Metode:** Penelitian ini merupakan penelitian kuantitatif yang bersifat deskriptif korelasi. Pengambilan responden menggunakan teknik *purposive sampling* dengan jumlah 80 responden , uji hubungan riwayat BBLR dengan perkembangan anak usia prasekolah menggunakan *Spearmans*.

**Hasil:** Anak dengan BBLR yang memiliki perkembangan anak sesuai sebanyak 29 anak (36,3%) dan perkembangan anak yang meragukan sebanyak 9 anak (11,3%). Anak dengan tidak BBLR yang memiliki perkembangan anak sesuai sebanyak 31 anak (38,8%) dan perkembangan anak yang meragukan sebanyak 11 anak (13,8%). Hasil analisis bivariat diperoleh nilai *p value* 0,779

**Simpulan:** Tidak terdapat hubungan antara riwayat BBLR dengan perkembangan anak usia prasekolah (Usia 3-5 tahun)

**Kata kunci :** Riwayat BBLR, Perkembangan Anak

**Daftar pustaka :** 27(2008-2019)

**NURSING SCIENCE STUDY PROGRAM  
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**ABSTRACT**

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**RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN HISTORY OF LOW BORN WEIGHT (LBW) AND PRE-SCHOOL CHILDREN DEVELOPMENT (AGES 3-5 YEARS) IN REJOSARI VILLAGE**

60 pages + 7 tables + 2 pictures + 14 appendices + xv

**Background:** The development of a child is not only on motor, cognitive, and verbal development, but also emotional and behavioral development plays an important role. Developmental disorders in children can be influenced by several factors, namely genetic factors, chromosomes, race and nation, heredity, childbirth, and the final trimester of the womb. One of the factors causing developmental disorders is low birth weight babies (LBW). The purpose of this study was to determine the relationship between a history of low birth weight babies (LBW) and the development of preschool age (3-5 years).

**Methods:** This research is a quantitative research which is descriptive correlation. The population in this study were 100 pre-school children (aged 3-5 years) who had a history of LBW 38 and not LBW 62 in Rejosari Village as many as 100 respondents with a sample of 80 respondents. Using purposive sampling technique and Spearmans test.

**Results:** Children with LBW who had appropriate child development were 29 (36.3%) and there were 9 children with doubtful development (11.3%). There were 31 children without LBW who had appropriate child development (38.8%) and 11 children with doubtful development (13.8%). The results of the study obtained a p value of 0.779

**Conclusion:** There is no relationship between LBW history and the development of preschool children (Age 3-5 years).

**Keywords** : history of low birth weight, child development

**Bibliography** : 27 (2008-2019)