

ABSTRAK

Hubungan Antara Dukungan Sosial Keluarga Dengan Kebersyukuran Narapidana Kasus Narkotika Di Lembaga Perumahan Kelas 1 Kedungpane Semarang

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Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk mengetahui hubungan kebersyukuran narapidana kasus narkotika dengan dukungan sosial keluarga di Lembaga Perumahan kelas 1 Kedungpane Semarang. Penelitian ini menggunakan metode kuantitatif. Populasi dalam penelitian ini berjumlah 874 narapidana narkotika di Lembaga Perumahan kelas 1 Kedungpane Semarang. Metode pengambilan data menggunakan *cluster random sampling*. Alat ukur yang digunakan dalam penelitian ini terdiri dari dua skala. Skala kebersyukuran berjumlah 43 aitem yang memiliki koefisien reliabilitas sebesar 0,938, dengan indeks daya beda aitem bergerak antara 0,301 – 0,637. Skala dukungan sosial berjumlah 45 aitem yang memiliki koefisien reliabilitas sebesar 0,940, dengan indeks daya beda aitem bergerak antara 0,301 – 0,718. Uji hipotesis menunjukkan bahwa terdapat hubungan positif antara kebersyukuran dengan dukungan sosial pada narapidana narkotika di Lembaga Perumahan kelas 1 Kedungpane Semarang, dengan $r_{xy} = 0,654$ dan taraf signifikansi 0,000 ($p < 0,01$). Dukungan sosial memberikan sumbangan efektif sebesar 42,7 % terhadap kebersyukuran, sedangkan 57,3 % kebersyukuran dipengaruhi oleh faktor lain baik internal maupun eksternal dari individu yang tidak termasuk dalam penelitian ini. Berdasarkan hasil penelitian yang telah dilakukan menunjukkan bahwa terdapat hubungan positif yang sangat signifikan antara kebersyukuran narapidana kasus narkotika dengan dukungan sosial keluarga di Lembaga Perumahan kelas 1 Kedungpane Semarang

Kata kunci : kebersyukuran, dukungan sosial.

ABSTRAK

The Correlation between Family Social Support and Gratitude for Narcotics Convicts at Kedungpane Penitentiary Class 1 Semarang

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This study aims to determine the correlation between family social support and gratitude for narcotics convicts at Kedungpane Class 1 Penitentiary, Semarang. This research used quantitative methods. The population in this study was about 874 narcotics convicts at the Kedungpane Class 1 Penitentiary Semarang. The random sampling was used as the method in collecting data in this study. This study applied two instruments of scales. They were Gratitude Scale and Social Support Scale. The gratitude scale had a total of 43 items that had a reliability coefficient of 0.938 with a different power index of moving items between 0.301 - 0.637. The social support scale had 45 items which had a reliability coefficient of 0.940 with a different power index of moving items between 0.301 - 0.718. Hypothesis testing showed that there was a positive correlation between gratitude and social support for narcotics convicts at the Kedungpane Class 1 Penitentiary Semarang with $r_{xy} = 0.654$ and a significance level of 0,000 ($p < 0.01$). Social support made an effective contribution of 42.7% towards gratitude, while 57.3% gratitude was influenced by other factors both internal and external from individuals who were not included in this study. Based on the results of research that has been done, it shows that there is a very significant positive correlation between the correlation between family social support and gratitude for narcotics convicts at Kedungpane Class 1 Penitentiary, Semarang

Keywords: gratitude, social support.