

**PROGRAM STUDI ILMU KEPERAWATAN
FAKULTAS ILMU KEPERAWATAN
UNIVERSITAS ISLAM SULTAN AGUNG SEMARANG
Skripsi, Januari, 2020**

ABSTRAK

Ria Rahayu Maykewati

**HUBUNGAN *CYBERBULLYING* (FACEBOOK) DENGAN HARGA DIRI
PADA REMAJA**

50 hal + 7 tabel + 10 Lampiran + xvii

Latar Belakang : Jumlah anak yang menjadi korban *cyberbullying* mencapai 679 kasus (Komisi Perlindungan Anak Indonesia). *Cyberbullying* sering kali dialami oleh remaja. Kejadian *cyberbullying* dapat berdampak buruk terhadap harga diri remaja. Remaja yang memiliki harga diri yang tinggi tidak akan melakukan tindakan *cyberbullying*, remaja yang memiliki harga diri yang rendah sering kali menjadi sasaran dilakukannya *cyberbullying*. Faktor yang mempengaruhi perilaku *cyberbullying* antara lain teman sebaya, lingkungan sosial, dendam, keinginan untuk dihormati, pelaku yang termotivasi. Tujuan dari penelitian ini ialah Mengetahui Hubungan *Cyberbullying* (Facebook) dengan Harga Diri pada Remaja di SMP.

Metode : Penelitian ini merupakan jenis penelitian kuantitatif, memakai kerangka penelitian korelasional dengan pendekatan *cross sectional*. teknik pengambilan sampel menggunakan *purposive sampling* dengan responden sebanyak 116 siswa. Data yang diperoleh diolah secara statistik dengan menggunakan rumus *fisher*.

Hasil : Responden terbanyak berusia 13 tahun 67.2 % dan berjenis kelamin laki – laki yaitu 51.7 %, perilaku *cyberbullying* terbanyak kategori rendah 81 %, harga diri remaja terbanyak kategori cukup tinggi 68.1 %.

Simpulan : Menggunakan uji *fisher* didapatkan *p value* 0,000 (< 0.05), berarti ada hubungan antara *cyberbullying* (facebook) dengan harga diri pada remaja.

Kata kunci : *Cyberbullying*, Facebook, Harga Diri.

Daftar Pustaka : 50 (2010 – 2019)

**STUDY PROGRAM OF NURSING
FACULTY OF NURSING
SULTAN SUPREME ISLAMIC UNIVERSITY SEMARANG
Thesis, January, 2020**

ABSTRACT

Ria Rahayu Maykewati

**THE RELATIONSHIP OF CYBERBULLYING (FACEBOOK) WITH
SELF-ESTEEM IN ADOLESCENTS**

50 things + 7 + 10 Appendix table + xvii

Background: The number of children who were victims of cyberbullying reached 679 cases (Indonesian Child Protection Commission). Cyberbullying is often experienced by teenagers. The incidence of cyberbullying can affect adolescent self-esteem. Teenagers who have high self-esteem will not experience cyberbullying, adolescents who have low self-esteem are often the target of cyberbullying. Factors that influence cyberbullying behavior include peers, social environment, revenge, desire to be respected, motivated actors. The purpose of this study is to Know the Relationship of Cyberbullying (Facebook) with Self-Esteem in Adolescents in Middle School.

Method: This research is a type of quantitative research, using a correlational research framework with a cross-sectional approach. The sampling technique used purposive sampling with 116 students as respondents. The data obtained were processed statistically using the Fisher formula.

Results: the majority of respondents were 13 years old 67.2% and male sex 51.7%, cyberbullying behavior was in the low category 81%, adolescent self-esteem was in the high enough category 68.1%.

Conclusion: Using the fisher-value test obtained 0,000 (<0.05), means there is a relationship between cyberbullying (Facebook) with self-esteem in adolescents.

Keywords: Cyberbullying, Facebook, Self-Esteem.

Bibliography: 50 (2010 - 2019)