

LAMPIRAN

Lampiran 1. Ethical Clearance

**KOMISI BIOETIKA PENELITIAN KEDOKTERAN/KESEHATAN
FAKULTAS KEDOKTERAN
UNIVERSITAS ISLAM SULTAN AGUNG SEMARANG**

Sekretariat : Gedung C Lantai I Fakultas Kedokteran Unissula
Jl. Raya Kaligawe Km 4 Semarang, Telp. 024-6583584, Fax 024-6594366

Ethical Clearance

No. 240/ VII/2018/Komisi Bioetik

Komisi Bioetika Penelitian Kedokteran/Kesehatan Fakultas Kedokteran Universitas Islam Sultan Agung Semarang, setelah melakukan pengkajian atas usulan penelitian yang berjudul :


UJI TOKSISITAS EKSTRAK ETANOLIK UMBI BAWANG LANANG (*Allium sativum* var.solo garlic) PADA TIKUS GALUR WISTAR (*Rattus Norwegicus*)

Peneliti Utama : Ika Buana Januarti, M.Sc., Apt
Anggota : Rina Wijayanti, M.Sc., Apt
Fadzil L, M.Farm., Apt
Nur Fidia Fatmawati
Kinta Inasti Riyandini
Anik Yufita Sandri Murniati
Ila Fitriani
Angraini Tri Yuniarti

Tempat Penelitian : Laboratorium Farmasi FK Unissula
Laboratorium Histologi FK Unissula
Laboratorium Patologi Anatomi FK Unissula

dengan ini menyatakan bahwa usulan penelitian diatas telah memenuhi prasyarat etik penelitian. Oleh karena itu Komisi Bioetika merekomendasikan agar penelitian ini dapat dilaksanakan dengan mempertimbangkan prinsip-prinsip yang dinyatakan dalam Deklarasi Helsinki dan panduan yang tertuang dalam Pedoman Nasional Etik Penelitian Kesehatan (PNEPK) Departemen Kesehatan RI tahun 2004.

Semarang, 31 Juli 2018
Komisi Bioetika Penelitian Kedokteran/Kesehatan
Fakultas Kedokteran Unissula
Ketua,


(dr. Sofwan Dahlan, Sp.F(K))

Lampiran 2. Determinasi Tanaman



KEMENTERIAN RISET, TEKNOLOGI, DAN PENDIDIKAN TINGGI
UNIVERSITAS NEGERI SEMARANG
FAKULTAS MATEMATIKA DAN ILMU PENGETAHUAN ALAM
LABORATORIUM JURUSAN BIOLOGI

Alamat : Gedung D11 FMIPA UNNES Kampus Sekaran Gunungpati Semarang 50229
website : biologi.unnes.ac.id, email : labbiologi.unnes@yahoo.com

Semarang, 1 Agustus 2018

No. : 657 /UN/37.1.4.5/LT/2018
Lampiran : -
Perihal : Hasil identifikasi tumbuhan

Kepada Yth.

Sdr. Ila Nurfitriyani


Mahasiswa Program Studi Farmasi - Fakultas Kedokteran
Universitas Islam Sultan Agung (UNISSULA)
Semarang

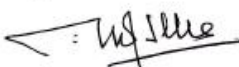
Dengan hormat,

Bersama ini kami sampaikan hasil identifikasi tumbuhan yang Saudara kirimkan ke Laboratorium Taksonomi Tumbuhan Jurusan Biologi-FMIPA Universitas Negeri Semarang (UNNES), adalah sebagai berikut.

| TAKSON | SPESIMEN 1 | SPESIMEN 2 |
|------------|---|---|
| Divisio | : Magnoliophyta | : Magnoliophyta |
| Classis | : Liliopsida | : Liliopsida |
| SubClassis | : Liliidae | : Liliidae |
| Ordo | : Liliales | : Liliales |
| Familia | : Liliaceae | : Liliaceae |
| Genus | : Allium | : Allium |
| Species | : <i>Allium sativum</i> L. | : <i>Allium sativum</i> L. |
| Varietas | : <i>A. sativum</i> L. var. <i>sativum</i> L. | : <i>A. sativum</i> L. var. <i>sativum</i> L. |
| Cultivar | : <i>A. sativum</i> L. ctv. Solo | : <i>A. sativum</i> L. ctv. Solo |
| Field | : Tawangmangu | : Magetan |
| Vern. name | : Bawang putih tunggal, Bawang lanang/ | : <i>pearl garlic</i> , <i>Solo garlic</i> |

Demikian, semoga berguna bagi Saudara.

Mengetahui
Ketua Jurusan Biologi FMIPA UNNES

Dr. Endah Peniati, M.Si.
NIP. 196511161991032001

Kepala Laboratorium Biologi

Dr. Ning Setiati, M.Si.
NIP. 195903101987032001

Lampiran 3. Hasil Rendemen dan Pembuatan

1. Rendemen Tawangmangu

$$\% \text{ Rendemen} = \frac{\text{Beratekstrakyangdiperoleh}}{\text{Beratbahanyangdiekstrak}} \times 100$$

$$\% \text{ Rendemen} = \frac{108,89g}{2200g} \times 100\%$$

$$\% \text{ Rendemen} = 4,9495 \%$$

2. Rendemen Magetan

$$\% \text{ Rendemen} = \frac{\text{Beratekstrakyangdiperoleh}}{\text{Beratbahanyangdiekstrak}} \times 100$$

$$\% \text{ Rendemen} = \frac{90,16g}{2000g} \times 100\%$$

$$\% \text{ Rendemen} = 4,508 \%$$

Lampiran 4. Perhitungan Kadar Senyawa Larut dalam Air

Rumus yang digunakan untuk menghitung kadar sari larut air adalah :

$$\text{Kadar sari larut dalam air} = \frac{A1 - A0}{B} \times 100\%$$

Tabel 4.1. Hasil penetapan kadar sari terlarut dalam air EEUBL sampel Tawangmangu

| Replikasi | Bobot awal sampel (g) B | Cawan kosong (g) A0 | Cawan + Residu setelah pemanasan (g) A1 | % Kadar sari terlarut air |
|------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|---|---------------------------|
| 1 | 1,2525 | 56,0261 | 56,4585 | 35,3213 |
| 2 | 1,2599 | 56,0261 | 56,4575 | 34,2408 |
| 3 | 1,2572 | 56,0261 | 56,4592 | 34,6369 |
| Rata-rata | | | | 34,7330 |
| Standar Deviasi | | | | 0,5466 |

Penimbangan sampai didapatkan bobot tetap

| Replikasi | X1 | X2 | Selisih Penimbangan |
|-----------|---------|---------|---------------------|
| 1 | 57,8363 | 57,3324 | 0,5039 |
| | 57,3324 | 56,829 | 0,5034 |
| | 56,829 | 56,4585 | 0,3705 |
| 2 | 56,942 | 56,4575 | 0,4845 |
| 3 | 57,649 | 57,1349 | 0,5141 |
| | 57,1349 | 56,5062 | 0,6287 |
| | 56,5062 | 56,4592 | 0,047 |

- Kadar senyawa larut dalam air = $\frac{56,4585 - 56,0261}{1,2525} \times 100\% = 35,3213\%$
- Kadar senyawa larut dalam air = $\frac{56,4575 - 56,0261}{1,2599} \times 100\% = 34,2408\%$
- Kadar senyawa larut dalam air = $\frac{56,4592 - 56,0261}{1,2504} \times 100\% = 34,6369\%$

Tabel 4.2. Hasil penetapan kadar sari terlarut dalam air EEUBL sampel Magetan

| Replikasi | Bobot awal sampel (g) B | Cawan kosong (g) Ao | Cawan + Residu setelah pemanasan (g) A1 | % Kadar sari terlarut air |
|------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|---|---------------------------|
| 1 | 1,254 | 61,47 | 61,9577 | 38,8915 |
| 2 | 1,2557 | 61,47 | 61,9596 | 38,9902 |
| 3 | 1,2572 | 61,47 | 61,9556 | 38,6255 |
| Rata-rata | | | | 38,8357 |
| Standar Deviasi | | | | 0,1886 |

Penimbangan sampai didapatkan bobot tetap

| Replikasi | X1 | X2 | Selisih Penimbangan |
|-----------|---------|---------|---------------------|
| 1 | 62,256 | 61,9577 | 0,2983 |
| 2 | 62,2095 | 61,9596 | 0,2499 |
| 3 | 62,8066 | 62,3046 | 0,502 |
| | 62,3046 | 61,9556 | 0,349 |

- Kadar senyawa larut dalam air = $\frac{61,9577-61,4700}{1,2540} \times 100\% = 38,8915\%$
- Kadar senyawa larut dalam air = $\frac{61,9596-61,4700}{1,2557} \times 100\% = 38,9902\%$
- Kadar senyawa larut dalam air = $\frac{61,9556-61,4700}{1,2572} \times 100\% = 38,6255\%$

Lampiran 5. Perhitungan Kadar Senyawa Larut dalam Etanol

$$\text{Kadar sari larut dalam etanol} = \frac{A1 - A0}{B} \times 100\%$$

Tabel 5.1. Hasil penetapan kadar sari terlarut dalam etanol EEUBL sampel Tawangmangu

| Replikasi | Bobot awal sampel (g) B | Cawan kosong (g) Ao | Cawan + Residu setelah pemanasan (g) A1 | % Kadar sari terlarut etanol |
|------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------|--|------------------------------|
| 1 | 1,2528 | 71,2008 | 71,9242 | 57,7426 |
| 2 | 1,2524 | 71,2008 | 71,9221 | 57,5934 |
| 3 | 1,2520 | 71,2008 | 71,9263 | 57,9472 |
| Rata-rata | | | | 57,7611 |
| Standar Deviasi | | | | 0,1776 |

Penimbangan sampai didapatkan bobot tetap

| Replikasi | X1 | X2 | Selisih Penimbangan |
|-----------|---------|---------|---------------------|
| 1 | 74,1938 | 73,6862 | 0,5076 |
| | 73,6862 | 73,1846 | 0,5016 |
| | 73,1846 | 72,675 | 0,5096 |
| | 72,675 | 72,1727 | 0,5023 |
| | 72,1727 | 71,9242 | 0,2485 |
| 2 | 75,7025 | 75,0021 | 0,7004 |
| | 75,0021 | 74,4223 | 0,5798 |
| | 74,4223 | 73,8342 | 0,5881 |
| | 73,8342 | 73,2831 | 0,5511 |
| | 73,2831 | 72,7829 | 0,5002 |
| | 72,7829 | 72,1835 | 0,5994 |
| | 72,1835 | 71,9221 | 0,2614 |
| 3 | 76,6873 | 75,7776 | 0,9097 |
| | 75,7776 | 74,8789 | 0,8987 |
| | 74,8789 | 74,3056 | 0,5733 |
| | 74,3056 | 73,507 | 0,7986 |
| | 73,507 | 72,8266 | 0,6804 |
| | 72,8266 | 72,2667 | 0,5599 |
| | 72,2667 | 71,9263 | 0,3404 |

1. Kadar senyawa larut dalam etanol = $\frac{71,9242-71,2008}{1,2528} \times 100\% = 57,7426\%$
2. Kadar senyawa larut dalam etanol = $\frac{71,9221-71,2008}{1,2524} \times 100\% = 57,5934\%$
3. Kadar senyawa larut dalam etanol = $\frac{71,9263-71,2008}{1,2520} \times 100\% = 57,9472\%$

Tabel 5.2. Hasil penetapan kadar sari terlarut dalam etanol EEUBL sampel Magetan


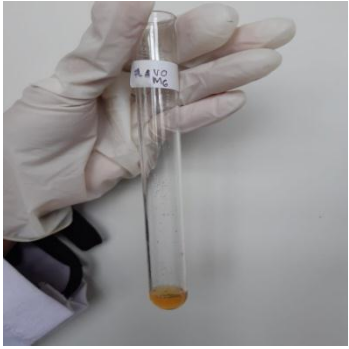

| Replikasi | Bobot awal sampel (g) B | Cawan kosong (g) Ao | Cawan + Residu setelah pemanasan (g) A1 | % Kadar sari terlarut etanol |
|------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------|--|------------------------------|
| 1 | 1,2518 | 66,7612 | 67,4101 | 51,8373 |
| 2 | 1,2521 | 66,7612 | 67,4113 | 51,9207 |
| 3 | 1,2523 | 66,7612 | 67,4120 | 51,9683 |
| Rata-rata | | | | 51,9088 |
| Standar Deviasi | | | | 0,0663 |

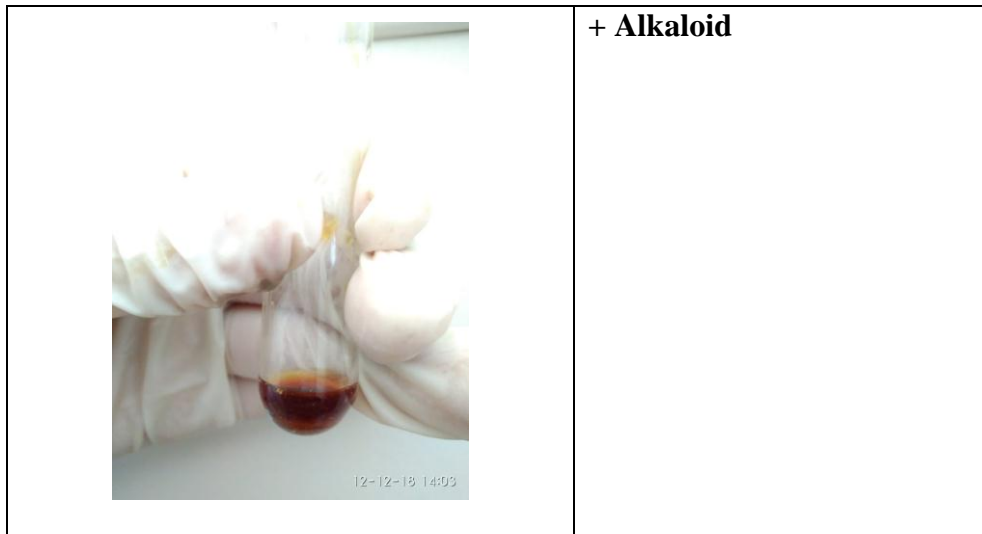
Penimbangan sampai didapatkan bobot tetap

| Replikasi | X1 | X2 | Selisih Penimbangan |
|-----------|---------|---------|---------------------|
| 1 | 67,7702 | 67,4101 | 0,3601 |
| 2 | 68,4717 | 67,871 | 0,6007 |
| | 67,871 | 67,4113 | 0,4597 |
| 3 | 67,902 | 67,412 | 0,49 |

1. Kadar senyawa larut dalam etanol = $\frac{67,4101-66,7612}{1,2518} \times 100\% = 51,8373\%$
2. Kadar senyawa larut dalam etanol = $\frac{67,4113-66,7612}{1,2521} \times 100\% = 51,9207\%$
3. Kadar senyawa larut dalam etanol = $\frac{67,4120-66,7612}{1,2523} \times 100\% = 51,9683\%$

Lampiran 6. Skrining Fitokimia

| | |
|---|--------------------|
|  | + Fenolik |
|  | + Flavonoid |
|  | + Saponin |

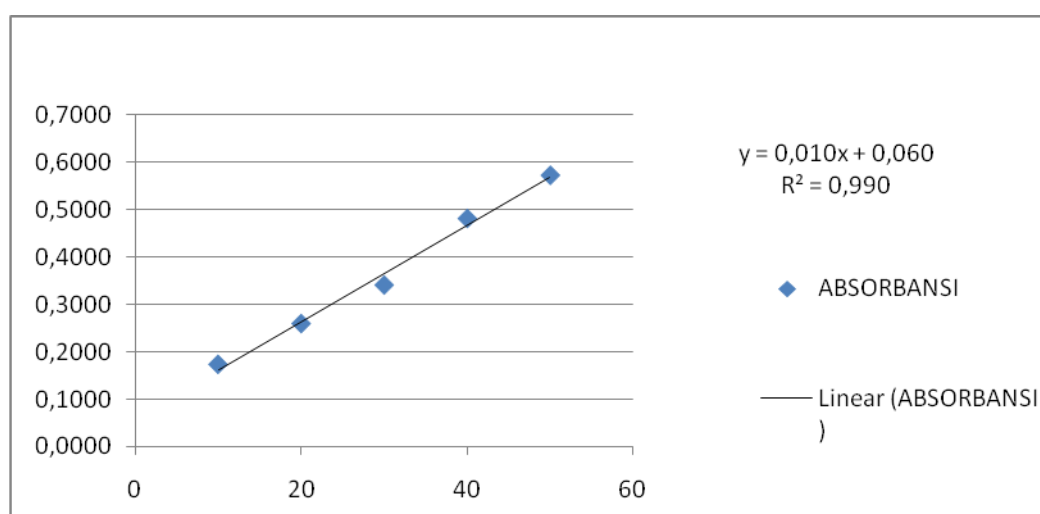


Lampiran 7. Kadar Flavonoid Total

Tabel 7.1. Data Absorbansi seri konsentrasi Standart Kuersetin

| Konsentrasi (ppm) | Absorbansi | | |
|-------------------|------------|--------|--------|
| | I | II | III |
| 10 | 0,1708 | 0,1678 | 0,1834 |
| 20 | 0,2598 | 0,2612 | 0,2583 |
| 30 | 0,3429 | 0,3456 | 0,3345 |
| 40 | 0,4817 | 0,4791 | 0,4824 |
| 50 | 0,5684 | 0,5798 | 0,5675 |

b. Kurva Regresi Linier antara Konsentrasi dengan Absorbansi Standart Kuersetin



Lampiran 8. Susut Pengeringan

Rumus yang digunakan untuk menghitung kadar susut pengeringan adalah :

$$\text{Kadar susut pengeringan} = \frac{A-B}{A} \times 100\%$$

Tabel 8.1. Hasil susut pengeringan EEUBL sampel Tawangmangu

| Replikasi | Berat Awal (g) A | Berat Akhir (g) B | % Susut Pengeringan (b/b) |
|-----------------------------|------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|
| 1 | 1,0005 | 0,8957 | 10,4747 |
| 2 | 1,0005 | 0,8982 | 10,3030 |
| 3 | 1,0003 | 0,8973 | 10,2351 |
| Rata-rata | | | 10,3376 |
| Standar deviasi (SD) | | | 0,1234 |

1. Kadar susut pengeringan = $\frac{1,0005-0,8957}{1,0005} \times 100\% = 10,4747 \%$
2. Kadar susut pengeringan = $\frac{1,0005-0,8982}{1,0005} \times 100\% = 10,3030 \%$
3. Kadar susut pengeringan = $\frac{1,0003-0,8973}{1,0003} \times 100\% = 10,2351 \%$

Tabel 8.2. Hasil susut pengeringan EEUBL sampel Magetan

| Replikasi | Berat Awal (g) A | Berat Akhir (g) B | % Susut Pengeringan (b/b) |
|-----------------------------|------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|
| 1 | 1,0002 | 0,8834 | 11,6776 |
| 2 | 1,0003 | 0,8841 | 11,6165 |
| 3 | 1,0005 | 0,8875 | 11,2943 |
| Rata-rata | | | 11,5294 |
| Standar deviasi (SD) | | | 0,2059 |

1. Kadar susut pengeringan = $\frac{1,0002-0,8834}{1,0002} \times 100\% = 11,6776 \%$
2. Kadar susut pengeringan = $\frac{1,0003-0,8841}{1,0003} \times 100\% = 11,6165 \%$
3. Kadar susut pengeringan = $\frac{1,0005-0,8875}{1,0005} \times 100\% = 11,2943 \%$

Lampiran 9. Bobot Jenis

Rumus yang digunakan untuk menghitung bobot jenis ekstrak adalah :

$$\text{Bobot jenis} = \frac{A1-A0}{B-A0} \times B_j \text{ Air}$$

Tabel 9.23. Hasil bobot jenis EEUBL sampel Tawangmangu

| Replikasi | Pikno kosong (g) A0 | Pikno + air (g) B | Pikno + ekstrak (g) A1 | Bobot jenis (gr/mL) |
|------------------------|------------------------|----------------------|---------------------------|------------------------|
| 1 | 36,4665 | 60,7300 | 61,9610 | 1,0507 |
| 2 | 36,4665 | 60,7300 | 61,9570 | 1,0505 |
| 3 | 36,4665 | 60,7300 | 61,9495 | 1,0502 |
| Rata-rata | | | | 1,0504 |
| Standar Deviasi | | | | 0,0002 |

$$1. \text{ Bobot jenis} = \frac{61,9610 - 36,4665}{60,7300 - 36,4665} \times 1 = 1,0507 \text{ gr/mL}$$

$$2. \text{ Bobot jenis} = \frac{61,9570 - 36,4665}{60,7300 - 36,4665} \times 1 = 1,0505 \text{ gr/mL}$$

$$3. \text{ Bobot jenis} = \frac{61,9495 - 36,4665}{60,7300 - 36,4665} \times 1 = 1,0502 \text{ gr/mL}$$

Tabel 9.24. Hasil bobot jenis EEUBL sampel Magetan

| Replikasi | Pikno kosong (g) A0 | Pikno + air (g) B | Pikno + ekstrak (g) A1 | Bobot jenis (gr/mL) |
|------------------------|------------------------|----------------------|---------------------------|------------------------|
| 1 | 36,4665 | 60,7300 | 61,9438 | 1,0500 |
| 2 | 36,4665 | 60,7300 | 61,9426 | 1,0499 |
| 3 | 36,4665 | 60,7300 | 61,9368 | 1,0497 |
| Rata-rata | | | | 1,0498 |
| Standar Deviasi | | | | 0,0001 |

$$1. \text{ Bobot jenis} = \frac{61,9438 - 36,4665}{60,7300 - 36,4665} \times 1 = 1,0500 \text{ gr/mL}$$

$$2. \text{ Bobot jenis} = \frac{61,9426 - 36,4665}{60,7300 - 36,4665} \times 1 = 1,0499 \frac{\text{gr}}{\text{mL}}$$

$$3. \text{ Bobot jenis} = \frac{61,9368 - 36,4665}{60,7300 - 36,4665} \times 1 = 1,0497 \text{ gr/mL}$$

Lampiran 10. Kadar Air

Rumus yang digunakan untuk menghitung kadar susut pengeringan adalah :

$$\text{Kadar susut pengeringan} = \frac{A-B}{A} \times 100\%$$

Tabel 10.1. Hasil kadar air EEUBL sampel Tawangmangu

| Replikasi | Krus kosong (gram) | Berat sampel awal (gram) A | Krus + sampel setelah pemanasan (gram) | Berat sampel setelah pemanasan (gram) B | Hasil % |
|------------------------|--------------------|----------------------------|--|---|---------|
| 1 | 52,6893 | 1,5003 | 54,1333 | 1,444 | 3,7525 |
| 2 | 52,5762 | 1,5006 | 54,0177 | 1,4415 | 3,9384 |
| 3 | 51,9115 | 1,5008 | 53,3528 | 1,4413 | 3,9645 |
| Rata-rata | | | | | 3,8851 |
| Standar Deviasi | | | | | 0,1156 |

$$1. \text{ Kadar air} = \frac{1,5003-1,4440}{1,5003} \times 100\% = 3,7525\%$$

$$2. \text{ Kadar air} = \frac{1,5006-1,4415}{1,5006} \times 100\% = 3,9384\%$$

$$3. \text{ Kadar air} = \frac{1,5008-1,4413}{1,5008} \times 100\% = 3,9645\%$$

Tabel 10.2. Hasil kadar air EEUBL sampel Magetan

| Replikasi | Krus kosong (gram) | Berat sampel awal (gram) A | Krus + sampel setelah pemanasan (gram) | Berat sampel setelah pemanasan (gram) B | Hasil % |
|------------------------|--------------------|----------------------------|--|---|---------|
| 1 | 54,2907 | 1,5006 | 55,7149 | 1,4242 | 5,0912 |
| 2 | 53,9569 | 1,5 | 55,3833 | 1,4264 | 4,9066 |
| 3 | 52,3223 | 1,5009 | 53,7493 | 1,427 | 4,9237 |
| Rata-rata | | | | | 4,9989 |
| Standar Deviasi | | | | | 0,1020 |

$$1. \text{ Kadar air} = \frac{1,5006-1,4242}{1,5006} \times 100\% = 5,0912\%$$

$$2. \text{ Kadar air} = \frac{1,5000 - 1,4264}{1,5000} \times 100\% = 4,9066\%$$

$$3. \text{ Kadar air} = \frac{1,5009 - 1,4270}{1,5009} \times 100\% = 4,9237\%$$

Lampiran 11. Kadar Abu Total

Rumus yang digunakan untuk menghitung kadar abu total adalah :

$$\text{Kadar abu} = \frac{B}{A} \times 100\%$$

Tabel 11.1. Hasil penetapan kadar abu total EEUBL sampel Tawangmangu

| Replikasi | Berat Awal (g) A | Berat Akhir (g) B | % Kadar Abu |
|------------------------|------------------|-------------------|-------------|
| 1 | 2,5084 | 0,0408 | 1,6265 |
| 2 | 2,5065 | 0,0455 | 1,8152 |
| 3 | 2,5084 | 0,0525 | 2,0929 |
| Rata-rata | | | 1,8449 |
| Standar Deviasi | | | 0,2346 |

$$1. \text{ Kadar abu} = \frac{0,0408}{2,5084} \times 100\% = 1,6265\%$$

$$2. \text{ Kadar abu} = \frac{0,0455}{2,5065} \times 100\% = 1,8152\%$$

$$3. \text{ Kadar abu} = \frac{0,0525}{2,5084} \times 100\% = 2,0929\%$$

Tabel 11.2. Hasil penetapan kadar abu total EEUBL sampel Magetan

| Replikasi | Berat Awal (g) A | Berat Akhir (g) B | % Kadar Abu |
|------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------|
| 1 | 2,5289 | 0,0493 | 1,9494 |
| 2 | 2,5289 | 0,0455 | 1,7992 |
| 3 | 2,5286 | 0,0511 | 2,0208 |
| Rata-rata | | | 1,9231 |
| Standar Deviasi | | | 0,1131 |

$$1. \text{ Kadar abu} = \frac{0,0493}{2,5289} \times 100\% = 1,9494 \%$$

$$2. \text{ Kadar abu} = \frac{0,0455}{2,5289} \times 100\% = 1,7992 \%$$

$$3. \text{ Kadar abu} = \frac{0,0511}{2,5286} \times 100\% = 2,0208 \%$$

Lampiran 12. Kadar Abu Larut Asam

Rumus yang digunakan untuk menghitung kadar abu tidak larut asam adalah :

$$\text{Kadar abu tidak larut asam} = \frac{B}{A} \times 100\%$$

Tabel 12.1. Hasil penetapan kadar abu tidak larut asam EEUBL sampel Tawangmangu

| Replikasi | Berat Ekstrak (g) A | Berat Abu tidak larut asam (g) B | % Kadar Abu tidak Larut Asam |
|------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------|
| 1 | 2,5084 | 0,0602 | 2,3999 |
| 2 | 2,5065 | 0,0616 | 2,4576 |
| 3 | 2,5084 | 0,0556 | 2,2165 |
| Rata-rata | | | 2,3580 |
| Standar Deviasi | | | 0,1259 |

1. Kadar abu tidak larut asam $= \frac{0,0602}{2,5084} \times 100\% = 2,3999\%$
2. Kadar abu tidak larut asam $= \frac{0,0616}{2,5065} \times 100\% = 2,4576\%$
3. Kadar abu tidak larut asam $= \frac{0,0556}{2,5084} \times 100\% = 2,2165\%$

Tabel 12.2. Hasil penetapan kadar abu tidak larut asam EEUBL sampel Magetan

| Replikasi | Berat Ekstrak (g) A | Berat Abu tidak larut asam (g) B | % Kadar Abu tidak Larut Asam |
|------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------|
| 1 | 2,5289 | 0,0507 | 2,0048 |
| 2 | 2,5289 | 0,0422 | 1,6687 |
| 3 | 2,5286 | 0,049 | 1,9378 |
| Rata-rata | | | 1,8704 |
| Standar Deviasi | | | 0,1779 |

1. Kadar abu tidak larut asam $= \frac{0,0507}{2,5289} \times 100\% = 2,0048\%$
2. Kadar abu tidak larut asam $= \frac{0,0422}{2,5289} \times 100\% = 1,6687\%$
3. Kadar abu tidak larut asam $= \frac{0,0490}{2,5286} \times 100\% = 1,9378\%$

Lampiran 13. Angka Lempeng Total

Rumus yang digunakan untuk menghitung angka lempeng total adalah :

$$ALT = \text{Jumlah Koloni} \times \frac{1}{\text{pengenceran}}$$

Tabel 13.1. Hasil Perhitungan angka lempeng total EEUBL sampel Tawngmangu

| REPLIKASI | PENGENCERAN | | | | | ALT (cfu/gram) |
|--------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|--------------------------|
| | 10 ⁻¹ | 10 ⁻² | 10 ⁻³ | 10 ⁻⁴ | 10 ⁻⁵ | |
| 1 | spreader | 20 | 3 | 3 | 1 | (2,0 x 10 ³) |
| 2 | 18 | spreader | 2 | 2 | 1 | (1,8 x 10 ²) |
| 3 | 35 | 10 | 20 | 0 | 0 | (3,5 x 10 ²) |
| Rata-rata | | | | | | (25,3x 10 ²) |
| Persyaratan | | | | | | (1,0 x 10 ⁴) |

$$1. ALT = 20 \times \frac{1}{0,01} = 2,0 \times 10^3$$

$$2. ALT = 18 \times \frac{1}{0,1} = 1,8 \times 10^2$$

$$3. ALT = 35 \times \frac{1}{0,1} = 3,5 \times 10^2$$

Tabel 13.2. Hasil perhitungan angka lempet total EEUBL sampel Magetan

| REPLIKASI | PENGENCERAN | | | | | ALT (cfu/gram) |
|--------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|--------------------------|
| | 10 ⁻¹ | 10 ⁻² | 10 ⁻³ | 10 ⁻⁴ | 10 ⁻⁵ | |
| 1 | spreader | 48 | 8 | 0 | 0 | (4,8 x 10 ³) |
| 2 | 15 | spreader | 3 | 2 | 0 | (1,5 x 10 ²) |
| 3 | 12 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 | (1,2 x 10 ²) |
| Rata-rata | | | | | | (16,9x 10 ²) |
| Persyaratan | | | | | | (1,0 x 10 ⁴) |

$$1. ALT = 48 \times \frac{1}{0,001} = 4,8 \times 10^3$$

$$2. ALT = 15 \times \frac{1}{0,1} = 1,5 \times 10^2$$

$$3. ALT = 12 \times \frac{1}{0,1} = 1,2 \times 10^2$$

Lampiran 14. Angka Kapang Khamir

Rumus yang digunakan untuk menghitung angka kapang khamir adalah :

$$ALT = \text{Jumlah Koloni} \times \frac{1}{\text{pengenceran}}$$

Tabel 14.1. Hasil perhitungan angka kapang khamir EEUBL sampel Tawangmangu

| REPLIKASI | PENGENCERAN | | | | | ALT (cfu/gram) |
|--------------------|-------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|---------------------|
| | 10^{-1} | 10^{-2} | 10^{-3} | 10^{-4} | 10^{-5} | |
| 1 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $(0,3 \times 10^3)$ |
| 2 | 5 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $(0,5 \times 10^2)$ |
| 3 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 1 | $(0,4 \times 10^2)$ |
| Rata-rata | | | | | | $(0,4 \times 10^2)$ |
| Persyaratan | | | | | | $(1,0 \times 10^4)$ |

1. $AKK = 3 \times \frac{1}{0,1} = 30$
2. $AKK = 5 \times \frac{1}{0,1} = 50$
3. $AKK = 4 \times \frac{1}{0,1} = 40$

Tabel 14.2. Hasil perhitungan angka kapang khamir EEUBL sampel Magetan

| REPLIKASI | PENGENCERAN | | | | | AKK (cfu/gram) |
|--------------------|-------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|---------------------|
| | 10^{-1} | 10^{-2} | 10^{-3} | 10^{-4} | 10^{-5} | |
| 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $(0,1 \times 10^2)$ |
| 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $(0,1 \times 10^2)$ |
| 3 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $(0,1 \times 10^2)$ |
| Rata-rata | | | | | | $(0,1 \times 10^2)$ |
| Persyaratan | | | | | | $(1,0 \times 10^3)$ |

1. $AKK = 1 \times \frac{1}{0,1} = 10$
2. $AKK = 1 \times \frac{1}{0,1} = 10$
3. $AKK = 1 \times \frac{1}{0,1} = 10$

Lampiran 15. SPSS

A. Kadar Sari Terlarut dalam Etanol

Tests of Normality

| | Kolmogorov-Smirnov ^a | | | Shapiro-Wilk | | |
|-----------------|---------------------------------|----|------|--------------|----|------|
| | Statistic | df | Sig. | Statistic | df | Sig. |
| magetan | ,238 | 3 | . | ,976 | 3 | ,701 |
| tawangmang u | ,208 | 3 | . | ,992 | 3 | ,828 |

a. Lilliefors Significance Correction

Test of Homogeneity of Variances

kadar sari tidak larut etanol

| Levene Statistic | df1 | df2 | Sig. |
|------------------|-----|-----|------|
| 1,856 | 1 | 4 | ,245 |

Independent Samples Test

| | | Levene's Test for Equality of Variances | | t-test for Equality of Means | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|---|------|------------------------------|-------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------------|---|------------|
| | | F | Sig. | t | df | Sig. (2-tailed) | Mean Difference | Std. Error Difference | 95% Confidence Interval of the Difference | |
| | | | | | | | | | Lower | Upper |
| kadar sari tidak larut etanol | Equal variances assumed | 1,856 | ,245 | -53,464 | 4 | ,000 | -5,8523000 | ,1094630 | -6,1562179 | -5,5483021 |
| | Equal variances not assumed | | | -53,464 | 2,547 | ,000 | -5,8523000 | ,1094630 | -6,2384892 | -5,4661108 |

B. Kadar Sari Terlarut dalam Air

Tests of Normality

| | Kolmogorov-Smirnov ^a | | | Shapiro-Wilk | | |
|-------------|---------------------------------|----|------|--------------|----|------|
| | Statistic | df | Sig. | Statistic | df | Sig. |
| magetan | ,355 | 3 | . | ,819 | 3 | ,160 |
| tawangmangu | ,306 | 3 | . | ,905 | 3 | ,401 |

a. Lilliefors Significance Correction

Test of Homogeneity of Variances

kadar air

| Levene Statistic | df1 | df2 | Sig. |
|------------------|-----|-----|------|
| 1,611 | 1 | 4 | ,273 |

| Independent Samples Test | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------|---|------|------------------------------|-------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------------|---|-----------|
| | | Levene's Test for Equality of Variances | | t-test for Equality of Means | | | | | | |
| | | F | Sig. | t | df | Sig. (2-tailed) | Mean Difference | Std. Error Difference | 95% Confidence Interval of the Difference | |
| | | | | | | | | | Lower | Upper |
| kadar air | Equal variances assumed | 1,611 | ,273 | 15,311 | 4 | ,000 | 1,0577000 | ,0690806 | ,8659014 | 1,2494986 |
| | Equal variances not assumed | | | 15,311 | 3,318 | ,000 | 1,0577000 | ,0690806 | ,8492983 | 1,2661017 |

C. Kadar Flavonoid Total

Tests of Normality

| | Kolmogorov-Smirnov ^a | | | Shapiro-Wilk | | |
|-------------|---------------------------------|----|------|--------------|----|------|
| | Statistic | df | Sig. | Statistic | df | Sig. |
| magetan | ,262 | 3 | . | ,957 | 3 | ,600 |
| tawangmangu | ,280 | 3 | . | ,937 | 3 | ,516 |

a. Lilliefors Significance Correction

Test of Homogeneity of Variances

Kadar Flavonoid Total

| Levene Statistic | df1 | df2 | Sig. |
|------------------|-----|-----|------|
| 3,913 | 1 | 4 | ,119 |

| Independent Samples Test | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------|---|------|------------------------------|-------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------------|---|------------|
| | | Levene's Test for Equality of Variances | | t-test for Equality of Means | | | | | | |
| | | F | Sig. | t | df | Sig. (2-tailed) | Mean Difference | Std. Error Difference | 95% Confidence Interval of the Difference | |
| | | | | | | | | | Lower | Upper |
| kadar flavonoid total | Equal variances assumed | 3,913 | ,119 | -6,325 | 4 | ,003 | -2,3000000 | ,3636237 | -3,3095813 | -1,2904187 |
| | Equal variances not assumed | | | -6,325 | 2,416 | ,015 | -2,3000000 | ,3636237 | -3,6327780 | -,9672220 |

D. Susut Pengerinan

Tests of Normality

| | Kolmogorov-Smirnov ^a | | | Shapiro-Wilk | | |
|-------------|---------------------------------|----|------|--------------|----|------|
| | Statistic | df | Sig. | Statistic | df | Sig. |
| Magetan | ,330 | 3 | . | ,866 | 3 | ,284 |
| Tawangmangu | ,277 | 3 | . | ,941 | 3 | ,532 |

a. Lilliefors Significance Correction

Test of Homogeneity of Variances

susut pengeringan

| Levene Statistic | df1 | df2 | Sig. |
|------------------|-----|-----|------|
| 1,552 | 1 | 4 | ,281 |

| | | Independent Samples Test | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------|-----------------------------|---|------|------------------------------|-------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------------|----------|---|--|
| | | Levene's Test for Equality of Variances | | t-test for Equality of Means | | | | | | 95% Confidence Interval of the Difference | |
| | | F | Sig. | t | df | Sig. (2-tailed) | Mean Difference | Std. Error Difference | Lower | Upper | |
| susut pengeringan | Equal variances assumed | 1,552 | ,281 | 8,597 | 4 | ,001 | 1,1918667 | ,1386371 | ,8069484 | 1,5767850 | |
| | Equal variances not assumed | | | 8,597 | 3,274 | ,002 | 1,1918667 | ,1386371 | ,7708083 | 1,6129251 | |

E. Bobot Jenis

Tests of Normality

| | Kolmogorov-Smirnov ^a | | | Shapiro-Wilk | | |
|---------|---------------------------------|----|------|--------------|----|------|
| | Statistic | df | Sig. | Statistic | df | Sig. |
| Magetan | ,366 | 9 | ,001 | ,697 | 9 | ,001 |
| tawang | ,397 | 9 | ,000 | ,648 | 9 | ,000 |
| mangung | | | | | | |

Test of Homogeneity of Variances

bobot_jenis

| Levene Statistic | df1 | df2 | Sig. |
|------------------|-----|-----|------|
| ,643 | 1 | 4 | ,468 |

Ranks

| sampel | N | Mean Rank | Sum of Ranks |
|---------------------|----|-----------|--------------|
| bobot jenis magetan | 6 | 6,50 | 39,00 |
| tawangmangun | 6 | 6,50 | 39,00 |
| g | | | |
| Total | 12 | | |

Test Statistics^b

| | bobot jenis |
|--------------------------------|--------------------|
| Mann-Whitney U | 18,000 |
| Wilcoxon W | 39,000 |
| Z | ,000 |
| Asymp. Sig. (2-tailed) | 1,000 |
| Exact Sig. [2*(1-tailed Sig.)] | 1,000 ^a |

- a. Not corrected for ties.
b. Grouping Variable: sampel

F. Kadar Abu Total

Tests of Normality

| | Kolmogorov-Smirnov ^a | | | Shapiro-Wilk | | |
|-------------------|---------------------------------|----|------|--------------|----|------|
| | Statistic | df | Sig. | Statistic | df | Sig. |
| Magetan | ,361 | 9 | ,001 | ,710 | 9 | ,002 |
| tawang mangung | ,233 | 9 | ,173 | ,781 | 9 | ,012 |

a. Lilliefors Significance Correction

Test of Homogeneity of Variances

Kadar_abu_total

| Levene Statistic | df1 | df2 | Sig. |
|------------------|-----|-----|------|
| 1,238 | 1 | 4 | ,328 |

Ranks

| sampel | N | Mean Rank | Sum of Ranks |
|-------------------|---|-----------|--------------|
| kadar abu magetan | 3 | 5,00 | 15,00 |
| tawangmangung | 3 | 2,00 | 6,00 |
| Total | 6 | | |

Test Statistics^b

| | kadar abu |
|--------------------------------|-------------------|
| Mann-Whitney U | ,000 |
| Wilcoxon W | 6,000 |
| Z | -1,964 |
| Asymp. Sig. (2-tailed) | ,050 |
| Exact Sig. [2*(1-tailed Sig.)] | ,100 ^a |

- a. Not corrected for ties.
b. Grouping Variable: sampel

G. Kadar Abu Tidak Larut Asam

Tests of Normality

| | Kolmogorov-Smirnov ^a | | | Shapiro-Wilk | | |
|--------------|---------------------------------|----|------|--------------|----|------|
| | Statistic | df | Sig. | Statistic | df | Sig. |
| magetan | ,361 | 9 | ,001 | ,712 | 9 | ,002 |
| tawangmangun | ,303 | 9 | ,017 | ,803 | 9 | ,022 |
| g | | | | | | |

a. Lilliefors Significance Correction

Test of Homogeneity of Variances

Kadar_abu_tidak_larut_asam

| Levene Statistic | df1 | df2 | Sig. |
|------------------|-----|-----|------|
| ,690 | 1 | 4 | ,453 |

Ranks

| sampel | | N | Mean Rank | Sum of Ranks |
|----------------------------|--------------|----|-----------|--------------|
| kadar abu tidak larut asam | magetan | 6 | 6,50 | 39,00 |
| | tawangmangun | 6 | 6,50 | 39,00 |
| | g | | | |
| | Total | 12 | | |

Test Statistics^b

| | kadar abu tidak larut asam |
|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Mann-Whitney U | 18,000 |
| Wilcoxon W | 39,000 |
| Z | ,000 |
| Asymp. Sig. (2-tailed) | 1,000 |
| Exact Sig. [2*(1-tailed Sig.)] | 1,000 ^a |

a. Not corrected for ties.

b. Grouping Variable: sampel

H. Angka Lempeng Total

Tests of Normality

| | Kolmogorov-Smirnov ^a | | | Shapiro-Wilk | | |
|--------------|---------------------------------|----|------|--------------|----|------|
| | Statistic | df | Sig. | Statistic | df | Sig. |
| magetan | ,493 | 9 | ,000 | ,414 | 9 | ,000 |
| tawangmangun | ,393 | 9 | ,000 | ,687 | 9 | ,001 |

a. Lilliefors Significance Correction

Test of Homogeneity of Variances

ALT

| Levene Statistic | df1 | df2 | Sig. |
|------------------|-----|-----|------|
| 5,500 | 1 | 4 | |

Ranks

| Sampel | | N | Mean Rank | Sum of Ranks |
|---------------|--------------|----|-----------|--------------|
| Angka Lempeng | magetan | 6 | 7,00 | 42,00 |
| Total | tawangmangun | 6 | 6,00 | 36,00 |
| | u | | | |
| | Total | 12 | | |

Test Statistics^b

| | Angka Lempeng Total |
|--------------------------------|---------------------|
| Mann-Whitney U | 15,000 |
| Wilcoxon W | 36,000 |
| Z | -,480 |
| Asymp. Sig. (2-tailed) | ,631 |
| Exact Sig. [2*(1-tailed Sig.)] | ,699 ^a |

a. Not corrected for ties.

b. Grouping Variable: Sampel

I. Angka Kapang Khamir

Tests of Normality

| | Kolmogorov-Smirnov ^a | | | Shapiro-Wilk | | |
|------------|---------------------------------|----|------|--------------|----|------|
| | Statistic | df | Sig. | Statistic | df | Sig. |
| magetan | ,382 | 8 | ,001 | ,728 | 8 | ,005 |
| tawangmang | ,387 | 8 | ,001 | ,646 | 8 | ,001 |
| u | | | | | | |

a. Lilliefors Significance Correction

Test of Homogeneity of Variances

ALT

| Levene Statistic | df1 | df2 | Sig. |
|------------------|-----|-----|------|
| 5,500 | 1 | 4 | ,079 |

Ranks

| sampel | | N | Mean Rank | Sum of Ranks |
|--------------|------------|----|-----------|--------------|
| Angka Kapang | magetan | 6 | 7,00 | 42,00 |
| Khamir | tawangmang | 5 | 4,80 | 24,00 |
| | u | | | |
| | Total | 11 | | |

Test Statistics^b

| | Angka Kapang Khamir |
|--------------------------------|---------------------|
| Mann-Whitney U | 9,000 |
| Wilcoxon W | 24,000 |
| Z | -1,106 |
| Asymp. Sig. (2-tailed) | ,269 |
| Exact Sig. [2*(1-tailed Sig.)] | ,329 ^a |

a. Not corrected for ties.

b. Grouping Variable: sampel

Lampiran 16. Surat Ijin Penelitian**SEKOLAH TINGGI ILMU FARMASI "YAYASAN PHARMASI"****PUSAT LABORATORIUM**

Jalan Letnan Jendral Sarwo Edie Wibowo Km. 1 Plamongsari - Pucanggading - Semarang - 50193

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Email : stifar_yaphar@yahoo.com

stifar_yaphar@hotmail.com

Nomor : 464/RS/SRT/X/2018

Hal : Surat Keterangan Penelitian

SURAT KETERANGAN

Beserta surat ini kami sampaikan bahwa mahasiswa tersebut di bawah ini:

Nama : Ila Nur Fitriyani

Institusi Asal : Unisulla

Telah melakukan penelitian pengujian ALT & AKK Bawang Lanang di Laboratorium Sekolah Tinggi Ilmu Farmasi (STIFAR) "Yayasan Pharmasi Semarang" pada bulan September 2018.

Demikian surat keterangan ini kami sampaikan, agar dapat digunakan sebagaimana mestinya.

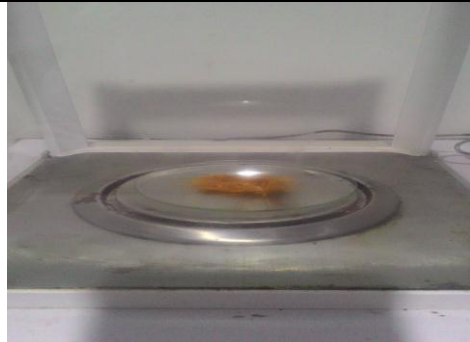
Atas perhatian dan kerjasamanya kami ucapkan terima kasih.

Semarang, 19 Oktober 2018

Kepala Pusat Laboratorium STIFAR**(Ririn Suharsanti., M.Sc., Apt)****NIY.YP. 040809015**

Lampiran 17. Dokumentasi Kegiatan

| | |
|--|--|
|  <p>Membersihkan umbi bawang lanang</p> |  <p>Menimbangkan umbi bawang lanang</p> |
|  <p>Memaserasi umbi bawang lanang</p> |  <p>Merotary umbi bawang lanang</p> |
|  <p>Menngentalkan ekstrak cair</p> |  <p>Menimbang umbi bawang lanang</p> |



Menimbang sampel



EEUBL dipanaskan kedalam oven suhu 105°C



Sampele+Krus ditimbang



EEUBL setelah dipanaskan dalam oven suhu 105°C



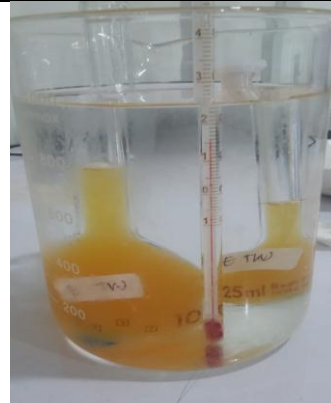
Menimbang piknometer



Pikonometer diisi dengan aquadest



Piknometer diatur pada suhu 25°C



Ekstrak cair dimasukkan
kedalam piknometer diatur
suhu 25°C



Timbang ekstrak cair + piknometer



Semua alat dan bahan yang sudah
disterilkan diletakkan dimeja yang
bersih dan sudah disemprot alkohol



Sampel diencerkan



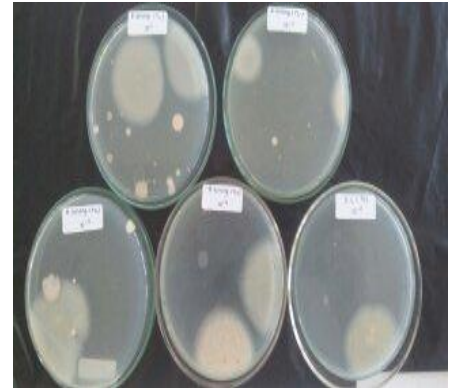
Media disiapkan dan dimasukkan sampel sesuai pengenceran



Sampel yang sudah siap diratakan dan dihomogenkan



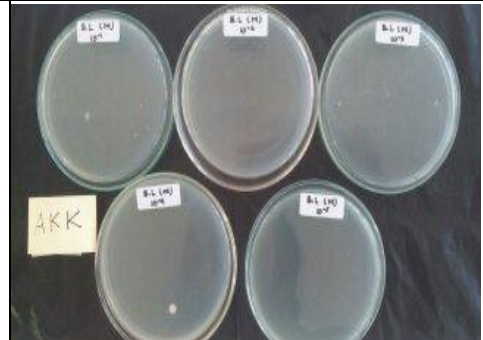
Sampel diinkubasi



Bakteri terlihat setelah fase inkubasi



Sampel dibungkus kertas coklat dan disimpan pada suhu ruangan



Jamur terlihat setelah fase inkubasi



Menimbang ekstrak umbi bawang
lanang



Menimbang krus kosong



Krus + ekstrak di masukkan kedalam
tanur yang bersuhu $600 \pm 25^\circ\text{C}$



Ekstrak sesudah dimasukkan
kedalam tanur dan berubah menjadi
abu warna putih



Menimbang krus+abu



Menimbang kertas saring bebas abu



Menyaring larutan sampai habis



Memaserasi ekstrak etanolik umbi
bawang lanang selama 24 jam



Menimbang cawan kosong sebelum
digunakan



Menyaring ekstrak etanolik umbi
bawang



Menguapkan 20 ml filtrate hingga
kering



Mengoven residu pada suhu 105°C



Menimbang residu hingga bobot
tetap