

## ABSTRAK

Penelitian berjudul Faktor - Faktor Yang Mempengaruhi *Earning Response Coefficient* : Studi Pada Perusahaan Manufaktur Yang Terdaftar Di Bursa Efek Indonesia diteliti untuk membantu investor yang akan menanamkan modalnya pada perusahaan manufaktur dengan melihat faktor - faktor yang mempengaruhinya dengan harapan para investor tidak salah ketika melakukan investasi pada suatu perusahaan. *Earning Response Coefficient* diteliti karena merupakan pengukuran kualitas laba yang baik. Ukuran Perusahaan, Profitabilitas, dan Ketepatan Waktu Penyampaian Laporan Keuangan diteliti karena merupakan faktor utama yang dilihat oleh investor ketika akan melakukan investasi. *Leverage* diteliti karena hutang mempunyai pengaruh yang sangat besar terhadap suatu perusahaan. *Market To Book Value Ratio* diteliti karena adanya hasil yang berbeda. Variabel independen yang digunakan yaitu ukuran perusahaan, profitabilitas, ketepatan waktu penyampaian laporan keuangan, *leverage* dan *market to book value ratio*. Variabel dependen yang digunakan yaitu *earning response coefficient*.

Jenis penelitian adalah penelitian kuantitatif, data yang digunakan menggunakan data sekunder yang di dapatkan dari *Indonesia Capital Market Directory* (ICMD), laporan keuangan tahunan (*Annual Report*) dan website Bursa Efek Indonesia (BEI). Metode pengambilan sampel dengan *purposive sampling*, didapatkan 44 data sampel pada perusahaan manufaktur yang terdaftar di Bursa Efek Indonesia (BEI) selama tahun 2014-2016. Populasi sebanyak 150 data perusahaan manufaktur. Data dianalisa menggunakan teknik analisis statistik deskriptif, menggunakan uji asumsi klasik yang terdiri dari uji normalitas data, uji multikolinearitas, uji heteroskedastisitas, dan uji autokorelasi, analisis regresi linier berganda, uji statistik t, uji statistik F, dan koefisien determinasi.

Hasil uji asumsi klasik mengindikasikan bahwa semua variabel berdasarkan uji *BLUE* data berdistribusi normal, tidak terjadi gejala multikolinearitas, memenuhi asumsi heteroskedastisitas, dan tidak terdapat autokorelasi. Hasil dalam penelitian menunjukan bahwa dalam uji statistik F variabel secara bersama - sama berpengaruh. Dalam Uji statistik t diperoleh hasil bahwa variabel profitabilitas, ketepatan waktu penyampaian laporan keuangan, dan *market to book value ratio* berpengaruh positif signifikan terhadap *earning response coefficient*, sedangkan variabel ukuran perusahaan dan *leverage* berpengaruh positif tidak signifikan terhadap *earning response coefficient*.

**Kata Kunci :** Ukuran perusahaan, profitabilitas, ketepatan waktu penyampaian laporan keuangan, *leverage*, *market to book value ratio*, *earning response coefficient*.

## **ABSTRACT**

*Research entitled Factors Affecting Earning Response Coefficient: Studies In Manufacturing Companies Listed On The Indonesia Stock Exchange is investigated to help investors who will invest their capital in manufacturing companies by looking at the factors that influence it with the expectations of investors is not wrong when investing in a company. Earning Response Coefficient is examined because it is a good measure of earnings quality. Company Size, Profitability, and Timeliness of Submission of Financial Reports are examined because they are the main factors investors see when investing. Leverage is investigated because the debt has a huge influence on a company. Market To Book Value Ratio was examined because of different results. Independent variables used are firm size, profitability, timeliness of financial statement submission, leverage and market to book value ratio. Dependent variable used is earning response coefficient.*

*The type of research is quantitative research, the data used using secondary data obtained from Indonesia Capital Market Directory (ICMD), Annual Report and Indonesia Stock Exchange (BEI) website. Sampling method with purposive sampling, obtained 44 sample data at manufacturing companies listed in Indonesia Stock Exchange (BEI) during 2014 - 2016. Population of 150 data manufacturing companies. The data were analyzed using descriptive statistical analysis technique, using classical assumption test consisting of data normality test, multicollinearity test, heteroscedasticity test, and autocorrelation test, multiple linear regression analysis, t test statistic, F statistical test, and coefficient of determination.*

*The results of the classical assumption test indicate that all variables based on the BLUE test of normal distributed data, no multicollinearity symptoms, satisfy heteroscedasticity assumptions, and no autocorrelation. The results in the study show that in statistical tests F variables together influence. In the statistical test t obtained the results that the variable profitability, timeliness of financial reporting, and market to book value ratio have a significant positive effect on earning response coefficient, while firm size and leverage variables have no significant positive effect on earning response coefficient.*

**Keywords :** *Company size, profitability, timeliness of financial statement submission, leverage, market to book value ratio, earning response coefficient.*