

## ABSTRACT

Islamic Religious Education will not be separated from morals. Because morality a good person can be a perfect condition of faith from someone. Islamic education is very big influence on akhlakul karimah them, who are still sitting in elementary school. Elementary students who bad morals easy to change because it has not reached the stage of adulthood. In elementary school in Islamic religious education students are taught the material about morals, such as should not seize the force of friends, respect the elderly and respect his own teacher. In this case Islamic Education is very influential on their akhlakul karimah, so as not to seize the friends, respect the elderly and respect the teacher himself.

Based on the above background, the writing of this thesis aims to determine the effect of PAI on akhlakul karimah students in SDN 2 Tambakagung Klirong District Kebumen Regency, whether the PAI can affect akhlakul karimah students SDN 2 Tambakagung. In this study the authors use quantitative methodology / method of calculation because it uses field research (field research), namely by way of correlation test because the steps the authors do in this study is to collect data first, after that the authors analyze the results of data already in the can at the time of research in the field. In this study, all students of SDN 2 Tambakagung Kebumen as a population of 120 students with the following classifications: Class I (21 students), Second Class (25 students), Class III (20 students), Class IV (19 learners), class V (17 students), class VI (18 students), based on the opinion Suharsimi arikunto as above because the number of population more than 100 then can be sampled. In order to obtain the required data, researchers use data collection techniques through observation, interviews, and documentation.

Based on the results of the research, the authors take a conclusion as follows: 1. Islamic Religious Education in SDN 2 Tambakagung Klirong District Kebumen regency can be categorized high. This can be proved by the average value of PAI scores on learners of 81.3 with high category, in intervals of 86-94 with a percentage of 40%. 2. Morals learners in SDN 2 Tambakagung Klirong District Kebumen District included in the category very high. This is evidenced by the mean or average score of moral results of students 81.76 with very high category, in the interval 87-95 with a percentage of 40%. 3. Based on the analysis using product moment formula, PAI to morality students in SDN 2 Tambakagung Klirong District Kebumen Regency there is a significant positive influence between two variables, which we know " $r$ "  $r_o = 0.3981$  while the correlation coefficient on " $r$ "  $r_{table} = 0.3610$  at a significant level of 5% due to coefficient  $r_o > r_t$ , so the alternative hypothesis ( $H_o$ ) is rejected while the hypothesis ( $H_a$ ) is accepted

Keywords: Islamic Religious Education, Akhlakul Karimah